(a) whether Government have made any progress so far in controlling the spread of malaria in Andhra Pradesh in 1994-95;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether any monitoring has been done to control the incidence of malaria in the State during 1994-95; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) and (b) The malaria situation in Andhra Pradesh during 1994-95 was contained through early detection and treatment of cases supported by selective vector control measures.

(c) and (d) The incidence of the disease was regularly monitored on district-wise basis. The incidence of malaria did not show a significant increased. Further, a Central team visited Andhra Pradesh during 1994 for an indepth review of the Malaria situation and measures needed to tackle the same.

Strategy for AIDS Control

639. SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA:
DR. BAPU KALDATE:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that, according to the Bombay-based Indian Health Organisation (IHO), the AIDS epidemic has entered the third phase in the country and by 2000 A.D., the country will have an estimated 30 million HIV infections, with ten thousand deaths every day;

(b) if so, what, according to the official study, if any, is the likely rise in AIDS cases by 2000 A.D., and the state in which AIDS cases are likely to rise the most;

(c) what is the number of known AIDS deaths in the country during the years 1993 and 1994.

(d) what is the existing number of AIDS centres in various part of the country and the event of acilities available in these centres to deal with AIDS cases; and

(c) what changes in the strategy to combat AIDS in the country are contemplated by Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) and (b) Any estimate/projection of AIDS cases by 2000 A.D. is at best a guesstimate. No categorical statement can be made in this respect.

(c)

Year	Reporting AIDS Death
1993	210
1994	118

(d) All the States/UTs have been providing treatment for opportunistic ailments related to HIV/AIDS in their hospitals without discrimination.

(e) It is too early to review the current strategy to prevent and control AIDS in the country.

Central assistance for population control in Gujarat

640. SHRI CHIMANBHAI HARIBHAI SHUKLA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any representation from the Government of Gujarat seeking additional central assistance to control the population problem in the State;

(b) if so, whether Government have taken any decision in this regard so far;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) to (d) A communication has been received from the State Government of Gujarat stating that the Government of India have released Rs. 4672.31 lakhs to

the Government of Gujarat for Family Welfare Programme during 1993-94, whereas the State Government have incurred an expenditure of Rs. 5944.38 lakhs. State Government has further asked for the release of Rs. 1772.07 lakhs as additional assistance. As the Accounts are settled with the State Governments on the basis of the Audited Statements of expenditure, the additional amount, if any, due to the State Government will income payable upon receipt of the audited statements for 1993-94 which is awaited.

Trade of vital human organs

641. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:
SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the reports of increasing instances of trade of kidneys and other vital human organs to recepients abroad; if so, what is Government's reaction thereto;

(b) whether Government are also aware of the nexus between the brokers, doctors and donors in this trade; if so, the details thereof; and

(c) whether it is a fact that due to the provisions of new Act on organ transplants, the activities in this regard have become clandestine; if so, what remedial measures are proposed to be taken to meet the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) No such information is available with the Government.

(b) and (c) No, Sir.

Strike by resident doctors of AIIMS

642. SHRI RAJ NATH SINGH:
SHRI RAGHAVJI:
SHRI ANANT RAM JAISWAL:
SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA:
SHRI GAYA SINGH:
SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that resident doctors in AIIMS were on strike in the second and third weeks of February, 1995; if so, what are the details of their demands and the extent to which their demands were conceded;

(b) how many strikes have been taken place in AIIMS during the last three years, indicating the number of Mandays lost, year-wise;

(c) whether Government have ever examined the issue of strict implementation of the Essential Services Maintenance Act on health services, in order to put a strong check on such frequent strikes which cause lot of problems to general public; and

(d) if not, what are the reasons for extending leniency to demands of striking health services employees, time and again?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) Yes, Sir. The Resident Doctors Association is demanding withdrawal of termination order of a Sr. Resident Dotor doing M.Ch. course in Neuro-surgery which is not acceptable to the Institute and the Government.

(b) There have been no strikes by the doctors, nurses and other staff during the last three years except agitation/ dharna by the nurses.

(c) and (d) The Government is making all out efforts to normalise the situation.